The Daily Courant.

Tuesday, July 18 1704

From the Paris Gazette, dated July 12.

Madrid, June 29.

DON Franciſco Ronguillo being inform'd that ſome of the Inhabitants of Monſanto had betray'd that Town into the Hands of the Enemy, and that the Governor (a Captain of the Regiment of Maine) defended the Caſtle but was in Diſtreſs, decamp'd the 8th of laſt Month from about Caſtelbranco with 5 Battallions and 15 Squadrons, advanc'd on the Right of Idanha Nova, in ſight of the Caſtle, and made a great Fire to ſignify where he was to the Governour, who by another Fire, gave him to underſtand that he ſtill held out. He waited all Day for the Marqueſs of Risbourg who was to joyn him with 2000 Men; but the Marqueſs being oblig'd to ſtop at Caſtelbranco to furniſh his Men with Bread, loſt a days march. The Sieur de Geoffreville coming to the Camp, was inform'd that the Enemies having drawn together moſt of their Troops, were in order of Battle within half a League of him. He left the Foot near Idanha Velha, and advanc'd towards the Enemy with the Horſe, to get a View of them, and endeavour to put Succours into the Caſtle of Monſanto. In the Evening 20 of the Enemies Squadron's appear'd, who after they had ſtood a while in Battallia, open'd to receive their Infantry (conſiſting of 16 Battallions,) in the Center; they advanc'd with great Fierceneſs, thinking by the Superiority of their Numder to ſurround the King of Spain's Troops and cut them in Pieces; and indeed they quickly attack'd in Flank and Rear, the Dragoons, the Queen's Regiment, and 2 others, which were commanded by Mr. Mahoni: But he repuls'd them with ſo much Vigour, that putting them to a ſtand, he gave time to the other Troops to gain a Defile on the Left. Being paſs'd thro' this Defile, the Queen's Regiment turn'd agen upon the Enemy, and charg'd them ſo bravely, that one of their Regiments of Dragoons in yellow Cloaths, who had likewiſe paſs'd it, was oblig'd to repaſs it in Diſorder, leaving 200 Men dead on the Field. Then they halted for their Infantry to come up, and in the mean time the Spaniſh Troops retir'd in good Order, Mr. Mahoni who brought up the Rear facing about frequently and by ſmart firing keeping off the Enemy. Thus the Troops made their Retreat, with no more loſs than of about 50 Men, before a Body of 4 times their Number. In this manner the Horſe arriv'd at Idanha Velha, where they thought to find the Foot; but they had retir'd in diſorder on a Rumour that the Horſe was intirely defeated. The Marqueſs of Risbourg, who was near Idanha Velha with 2000 Men, meeting the Enemies on their March, drew up in Battallia on an advantagious Ground, and ſtood ſo well prepar'd to receive them that they durſt not attack him. He return'd to Caſtelbranco and encamp'd there. The King of Spain being inform'd of what had paſs'd, ſent the Duke of Berwick with a Detachment to attack the Enemy; but they retir'd into the Hilly Country, and entrench'd themſelves between Penna Major and Monſanto. Whereupon the Duke of Berwick leaving his Troops with orders to attack Monſanto, return'd to his Catholick Majeſty, who was ſat down before Caſtel de Vide.

From the Paris Gazette, dated July 19.

Madrid, July 5. Letters from the Army in Portugal bring the following News. The 20th of June the Marqueſs of Aytona march'd from the Camp at Niſa with a Detachment of Horſe and Foot, 4 pieces of Cannon for Battery and 5 Field-pieces to inveſt Caſtel de Vide, a place very ſtrongly ſituated and provided with a numerous Garriſon. The 21ſt the Artillery was drawn up by ſtrength of Hand and planted on a Hill, and the King ſent 12 other pieces of Cannon to be employ'd in the Siege. The 22d the place was batter'd, and a Houſe that was fortified taken. The Marqueſs of Villadarias arriv'd before the place with the Troops he had brought from Andaluſia, being appointed by his Majeſty to command all the Forces employ'd in the Siege. The ſame day the Marqueſs de Tay went to take upon him the Command of the Army in the Province of Beira, in the room of the Count d'Aguilar, The 23d a Breach was made in the Wall, which the Engliſh repair'd with Faſcines. The 24th the Beſieged made ſo great a Fire from their Artillery, that they diſmounted ſome of ours; which oblig'd the Marqueſs of Villadarias to have them planted in 4 different places, whence he judg'd they might do more Execution. The following Night the Beſieged made a great Sally; but were repuls'd with conſiderable Loſs. The Count d'Aguilar rejoyn'd the King the 24th, with the Regiments of Moſcoſo and Montenegro. The Army wanting Proviſions, the King gave Order for a certain Quantity to be brought from Portalegre, and ſent all his own Baggage-Waggons and even the Mules belonging to his Coaches, to fetch it. The 25th a Battery from a riſing Ground made ſeveral Breaches, the Beſieged left off firing, and a great Noiſe was heard in the Town. The Marqueſs de Villadarias judg'd there was a Diviſion among the Beſieged, and therefore commanded the Troops to make ready to attack the Breaches Sword in Hand. Soon after, the Enemies put up 3 Colours on the Wall, and offer'd to capitulate. The Marqueſs de Villadarias would grant them no other Conditions, than that the Town ſhould not be pillag'd, and that they ſhould be Priſoners of War. The Engliſh refus'd to capitulate on ſuch Terms, and retir'd into the Caſtle; but conſidering they could not hope to be reliev'd, they yielded to march out without Arms, Colours or Drums, to be conducted through France, or by Sea to England, after having taken an Oath not to bear Arms againſt his Catholick Majeſty during this War. The Garriſon was compos'd of 650 Engliſh, and 1350 Portugueze, regular Troops. There were in the place 30 pieces of Cannon, moſt of them Braſs, and a great quantity of Arms, Ammunitions and Proviſions. The 25th the King ſent the Marqueſs de Lede with a Detachment of Horſe and the Brigade of the Count of Pinto to beſiege Montalvan, in which were 4 Companies who ſurrendred at Diſcretion. In the place were 4 pieces of Cannon, which were carry'd off, and the Fortifications demoliſh'd. The 27th the King order'd the Marqueſs of Villadarias to attack Marvan a place ſituate on the top of a Hill, having a Wall 7 Foot thick; Neverthelefs, it ſurrendred at Diſcretion, and 4 pieces of Braſs Cannon were found in it. The King has made Don Antonio de Amezaga Major General Governour of Caſtel de Vide, and 2 Regiments are garriſon'd in it. 10 pieces of Cannon were found in it, with the Name and Arms of the late King Philip IV. on them. The 27th the Duke de Grammont Ambaſſador of France arriv'd in the Camp. The 28th the King order'd the Sieur Renau d'Eliſagarai to take in pieces the Bridge of Boats at Villa Velha. The Heats growing inſupportable in Portugal, the King who has all along lain in the Field in his Tents, has at length yielded to the Intreaties of his Miniſters and Generals, to put his Troops into Quarters of Refreſhment, till the Month of September, and to return hither. He was to ſet out from Niſa the 1ſt of this Month, to come hither in 13 days.

From the Paris Gazette, dated July 12.

Oſtiglia, June 28. The 18th of this Month the Grand Prior of France caus'd the King's Troops to march out of the Ferrareze, and to poſt themſelves at Quadrelle, on the edge of the Mantuan, near Stellata, upon the Aſſurances given him by Cardinal Aſtalli Legate of Ferrara, that the Imperialiſts ſhould likewiſe quit the Territories of the Church, or that he would joyn the Pope's

Troops

Troops to thoſe of his Majeſty, in order to drive them out, purſuant to the Commands he had receiv'd from his Holineſs. The Delay granted the Imperialiſts expir'd the 20th, yet they did not ſtir, and continued ſtill in the Valleys of the Ferrareze the 23d. The Grand Prior of France made new Inſtances to be joyn'd by the Pope's Troops, but could only obtain of the Cardinal Legate, that the Imperialiſts ſhould be warn'd again to retire; accordingly they were ſo, but to no purpoſe. Whereupon the Grand Prior of France not thinking fit to wait any longer, reſolv'd to attack them. The 24th at day-break he commanded the Sieur Cadrieux and the Baron d'Etrick to embark at Quadrelle, with 300 Grenadiers and 500 choſen Foot, who without being diſcover'd landed near Figarolo, and enter'd it without meeting any Reſiſtance, 2 or 300 Germans who guarded that Poſt betaking themſelves to Flight; Count Annibal Viſconti, who was there, made his Eſcape in his Shirt over a Canal. However, 30 Soldiers were taken Priſoners, and the Officers Baggage plunder'd. Immediately the Grand Prior caus'd the reſt of 7 Battallions who ſtood drawn up in Order on the ſide of the Po, to paſs that River; and waited for 10 Squadrons and 5 Battallions from the Camp of Serravalle, as alſo for 6 other Squadrons commanded by the Marqueſs de St Fremont, to march and attack the Enemies in the Poſts of which they were poſſeſs'd. But the following Night he had Intelligence that the Enemy being inform'd of the loſs of the Poſt of Figarolo, and that they were like to be cut off, had blown up the Towers of Serravalle, had quitted Oſtiglia the ſame day (the 24th) at 10 at Night, and were gone to Zelo on the Tartaro. He had Advice afterwards, that they had paſs'd the Canale bianco, the Malopra, and the Adige at Caſtel Baldo. Upon this News, he reſolv'd to march to Oſtiglia, to draw his Forces together, to give Order about Proviſions, and to make Detachments for garriſoning Oſtiglia and Revere, and for blocking up Mirandola. The 27th he begun his March and advanc'd to Maſſa, and to day is come hither.

From the Paris Gazette, dated July 19.

From the Camp of Iſola della Scala, July 3. The 28th of laſt Month the Grand Prior of France being arriv'd at Oſtiglia, commanded a certain Number of Troops to continue the Blockade of Mirandola, and caus'd his Bridge to be brought down from San Benedetto, and plac'd between Oſtiglia and Revere, in which he has put ſufficient Garriſons. The 29th the Grand Prior left Oſtiglia, and paſſing by Ponte Molino which the Imperialiſts had abandon'd, he encamp'd with the Army at Nogara, where he learnt that the Enemies were got to Peſcantina on the Adige, above Verona, and that they would ſtop there to wait for Orders from the Emperor, or to cover the march of their Artillery and Baggage.

London, July 17. *To day came in the Mail from* Holland *of* Friday *laſt; and brought the following Advices.*

From the Paris Gazette a la main, dated July 21.

Paris, July 21. Letters of the 12th Inſtant from the Army commanded by the Grand Prior of France, adviſe, that the Imperialiſts had ſent their Artillery by the way of Vicenza towards Baſſano on the Brenta; and were themſelves return'd into the Trentin. That the Garriſon of Mirandola had offer'd to capitulate on condition to carry off all their Artillery; but that the General Officer who commands that Blockade, refuſes to grant them more than 2 ſmall pieces of Cannon.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated July 24.

From the Camp of the Allies before Rain. July 16. The neceſſary Diſpoſitions being made for attacking this Place, we began to batter it the 14th with 27 pieces of Cannon. The Garriſon appear'd reſolv'd to defend the Place to the laſt Extremity, but deſpairing of Relief, and ſeeing us prepare to give an Aſſault, they beat a Parley this Evening, and offer'd to capitulate; accordingly it is agreed they ſhall march out tomorrow to be conducted to Ausburg.

Donawert, July 17. To day the Garriſon of Rain march'd out, without Cannon or Muſquets, to be conducted to Ausburg. 30 Pieces of Cannon were found in the Place, with a great Quantity of Arms and Ammunition. The Army of the Allies is in full march towards Ausburg.

Munick, July 15. Our Elector is indiſpos'd of a Fever at Ausburg; the Electreſs is gone from hence to confer with him, and as ſome ſay, to diſpoſe him to make his Peace with the Emperor. Monſieur Reichard his Electoral Highneſs's Secretary of State, is likewiſe gone from hence to the Army commanded by the Prince of Baden and Duke of Marlborough; we hope to hear a good Iſſue of his Journey.

Munick, July 17. Since the Departure of the Electreſs we work hard on the Fortifications of this City; but we want 10000 Men to defend it. The Inhabitants are hiding their beſt Effects. 'Tis rummour'd an Accommodation is negociating. The Country is under a terrible Conſternation, the Enemy having plunder'd and burnt a great many Places.

There are no Letters by this Poſt from the Army in Bavaria; nor any plain and certain Account of the Motions of the Marſhal de Tallard or Prince Eugene of Savoy.

The King of Sweden arriv'd at Warſaw the 7th of July, the 12th the Palatine of Poſnania was elected King of Poland, and proclaim'd by the Biſhop of Poſnania; the Cardinal Primate the Great General of the Crown, and others of the chief of the Confederates were abſent, and diſapprove this Election, which was influenc'd by the King of Sweden.

Falmouth, July 13. Yeſterday the Sidney Frigat brought in hither a Brigantine from Barbadoes bound for London. who ſail'd with 32 Sail more of Merchant Ships from thence the 25th of May laſt, and was ſeparated from them by bad Weather 8 days after; The Maſter reports, that the Bridgeman Pacquet-Boat arriv'd there the 21ſt of May and ſail'd the 23d, having been but 30 days in her paſſage from England.

Dartmouth, July 14. This 14 days paſt our Coaſt has been peſter'd with French Privateers; ſeveral Coaſting Barks have been taken or ſunk, our Fiſhery diſturb'd, and the Inhabitants of that part of the Coaſt that is moſt expos'd, have been continually upon the Watch. On Wedneſday laſt the Hopewell of this place, and another Veſſel both bound to Topſham, were purſued by one of theſe Privateers, who took and ſunk the firſt, but the latter was tow'd by the Fiſhing Shallops into Tinmouth.

London, July 18. Her Majeſty has made a Promotion of General Officers in Portugal, viz.

Major General Wyndham is made Lieutenant General, the Brigadiers Lloyd and Harvey Majors General, and the Collonels Brudenel and Sankey Brigadiers General.

Several Surgeons are order'd for Portugal, to take care of the Engliſh Soldiers in the Hoſpitals there.

Yeſterday Stocks were as follows, Bank 129 & a half. New Comp. 255 & a half. Shares 29 & 3 qrs. Old Comp. 134. Million Bank 88 & a half. Sword Blades 85.. African 19 & a half.

The arrival of this Mail has oblig'd us to put off what we have to ſay to the Author of the Review *one day longer.*

A Houſe at Hamſtead in Belſize-Lane, of three Rooms on a Floor, with a Garden and Stable, to be Lett, with, or without, ſome Paſture Ground: Or the Leaſe of the ſame for near 15 Years to come. And of another Houſe with a very good Garden, Coach-houſe, Stable for four Horſes, and other Conveniencies, to be Sold. Enquire at the Houſe aforeſaid, or of Mr. Bull Porter at the Exciſe Office in the Old Jury.

Drop'd on Saturday laſt between Six and Seven in the Evening, in the way from Bow-ſtreet Covent-Garden, through the Dog-Tavern in Drury-Lane, to the back-door of the Bagnio in Chancery-Lane, a plain Gold Watch-caſe lined with red Sattin. Whoſoever ſhall bring it to Mr. Watſon Watch-maker in Long-Acre ſhall have a Guinea Reward.

The Royal Eſſence for the Hair of the Head and Perriwigs, being the moſt delicate and charming Perfume in Nature, and the greateſt Preſerver of Hair in the World, for it keeps that of Perriwigs (a much longer time than uſual) in the Curl, and fair Hair from fading or changing colour, makes the Hair of the Head grow thick, ſtrengthens and confirms its Roots, and effectually prevents it from falling off or ſplitting at the ends, makes the Powder continue in all Hair longer than it poſſibly will, by the uſe of any other thing; by its incomparable Odour and Fragrancy it ſtrengthens the Brain, revives the Spirits, quickens the Memory, and makes the Heart chearful, never raiſes the Vapours in Ladies, &c. being wholly free from (and abundantly more delightful and pleaſant than) Muſk, Civet, &c. 'tis indeed an unparallell'd fine Scent for the Pocket, and perfumes Handkerchiefs, &c. excellently. To be had only at Mr. Allcraft's a Toyſhop at the Bluecoat Boy againſt the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, ſeal'd up, at 2 s. 6 d. a Bottle with Directions.

Whereas there are divers Pretenders to ſell the true Strops, for ſetting Razors, Pen-knives, &c. which are only Counterfeits made in Imitation of the Origiual ones, and falſely Inſinuating them to be made by the firſt Author. Theſe are therefore to give notice, that the Original Author, that ever any were ſold for, and were publiſh'd long before any Upſtart pretended to make them, permits them to be ſold by no other Perſon but Mr. Shipſton at John's Coffee-houſe in Sweetings-Alley by the Royal-Exchange, as hath been often mention'd in the Gazette, Price 1 s. each, with Directions.

†‡† A Doctor in Phyſick, Cures all the Degrees, and Indiſpoſitions, in Venereal Perſons; and by a moſt eaſie, ſafe, and expeditious Method: He likewiſe gives his Advice in all Diſeaſes, and Preſcribes a Cure. Dr. Harborough (a Graduate Phyſitian) in Great Knight-Rider-ſtreet, near Doctors-Commons.

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